

## Notice of Privacy Practices

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THIS NOTICE DESCRIBES HOW MEDICAL INFORMATION ABOUT YOU MAY BE USED AND DISCLOSED AND HOW YOU CAN GET ACCESS TO THIS INFORMATION. PLEASE REVIEW IT CAREFULLY.

Privacy is a very important concern for all those who come to this office. It is also complicated, because of the many federal and state laws and my professional ethics. Because the rules are so complicated, some parts of this notice are very detailed, and you probably will have to read them several times to understand them. If you have any questions, the compliance officer will be happy to help you understand my procedures and your rights. Her name and contact information are at the end of this notice.

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### **A. Introduction: To my clients**

This notice will tell you how I handle your medical information. It tells you how I *use* this

information in

my practice, how I *disclose* (share) it with other health care professionals and organizations, and how you can see it. I want you to know all of this so that you can make the best decisions for yourself and your family. If you have any questions or want to know more about anything in this notice, please ask the compliance officer for answers or explanations.

## **B. What I mean by your medical information**

Each time you see me or go to any doctor's office, hospital, clinic, or other health care provider, information is collected about you and your physical and mental health. It may be information about your past, present, or future health or conditions, or the tests or treatment you got from me or from others, or about payment for health care. All this information is called "**PHI**," which stands for "**protected health information**" which means its privacy must be protected. This information goes into your **medical or health care records** in my office.

In this office, your PHI is likely to include these kinds of information:

- Your history: Things that happened to you as a child; your school and work experiences; your marriage, relationships, and other personal history.
- Your medical history of problems and treatments.
- Reasons you came for treatment: Your problems, complaints, symptoms, or needs.
- Diagnoses: These are the medical terms for your problems or symptoms.
- A treatment plan: This is a list of the treatments and other services that I think will best help you.
- Progress notes: Each time you come in, I write down some things about how you are doing, what I notice about you, and what you tell me.
- Records I get from others who treated you or evaluated you.
- Psychological test scores, school records, and other evaluations and reports.
- Information about medications you took or are taking.
- Legal matters.
- Billing and insurance information.

There may also be other kinds of information that go into your health care records here.

I use PHI for many purposes. For example, I may use it here:

- To plan your care and treatment.
- To decide how well the treatments you and I are using are working for you.
- When I talk with other health care professionals who are also treating you, such as your family doctor or the professional who referred you to me. When I do this, I will ask for your consent. Almost always, I will also ask you to sign a **release-of-information** form (**ROI** form), which will explain what information is to be shared and why.
- For teaching and training other health care professionals or for medical or psychological

research. If I do this, your name will never be shown, and there will be no way they can find out who you are. Before I do this I will ask for your consent and ask you to sign an authorization, so that you will know what information will be shared and why.

- To show that you actually received services from me, which I billed to you or to your health insurance company.
- To improve the way I do my job by measuring the results of our work together.

When you understand what is in your record and what it is used for, you can make better decisions about what other persons or agencies should have this information, when, and why.

### **C. Privacy and the laws about privacy**

I am required to tell you about privacy because of a federal law, the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) and the HIPAA Omnibus Final Rule of 2013. HIPAA requires me to keep your PHI private and to give you this notice about my legal duties and my privacy practices. If I change my privacy practices, they will apply to all the PHI I keep. I will also make the new notice of privacy practices available to everyone utilizing my services. You or anyone else can also get a copy from the compliance officer at any time. It is also posted on my website at adamsthuerckphd.com. I will obey the rules described in this notice.

### **D. How your protected health information (PHI) can be used and shared**

Except in some special circumstances, when I use your PHI in my practice or disclose it to others, I share only the ***minimum necessary*** PHI needed for those other people to do their jobs. The laws give you rights to know about your PHI, to know how it is used, and to have a say in how it is shared. So now I will tell you more about what I do with your information.

Mainly, I will use it here and disclose (share) your PHI for routine purposes to provide for your care, and I will explain more about these below. For other uses, I must tell you about them and ask you to sign a written Release of Information form. However, the HIPAA law also says that there are some uses and disclosures that don't need your consent or authorization which I will explain below. However, in most cases I will explain the PHI and who it will go to and ask you to agree to this by signing a release-of-information form.

#### ***1. Uses and disclosures with your consent***

I need information about you and your condition to provide care to you. In almost all cases, I intend to use your PHI here or share it with other people or organizations to provide treatment to you, arrange for payment for our services, or some other business functions called "health care operations." You have to agree to let me use and share your PHI in the ways that are described in this Notice of Privacy Practices Therefore, you must sign the consent form before I begin to treat you. If you do not agree and consent to this, I cannot treat you.

***a. The basic uses and disclosures: For treatment, payment, and health care operations***

Next, I will tell you more about how your information will be used for these purposes.

*For treatment.* I use your information to provide you with psychological treatments or services. These might include individual, family, or group therapy; psychological, educational, or vocational testing; treatment planning; or measuring the benefits of my services.

I may share your PHI with others who provide treatment to you. I usually try to share your information with your personal physician, unless you tell me not to. If you are being treated by a team, I can share some of your PHI with the team members, so that these providers will work best together. The other professionals treating you will also enter their findings, the actions they took, and their plans into your medical record, and so we all can decide what treatments work best for you and follow a treatment plan.

If I want to share your PHI with any other professionals outside this office, I will need your permission on a signed release-of-information form. For example, I may refer you to other professionals or consultants for services I cannot provide. When I do this, I need to tell them things about you and your conditions. Later I will get back their findings and opinions, and those will go into your records here. If you receive treatment in the future from other professionals, I can also share your PHI with them. I can do this only when you give your permission by signing a release-of-information form. This is so that you will know what information is being shared and with whom. These are some examples so that you can see how I use and disclose your PHI for treatment.

*For payment.* I may use your information to bill you, your insurance, or others, so I can be paid for the treatments I provide to you. I may contact your insurance company to find out exactly what your insurance covers. I may have to tell them about your diagnoses, what treatments you have received, and the changes I expect in your conditions. I will need to tell them about when we met, your progress, and other similar things. Insurers may also look into a few of my patient records to evaluate the completeness of my record keeping.

*For health care operations.* Using or disclosing your PHI for health care operations goes beyond my care and payment for services. For example, I may use your PHI to see where I can make improvements in the care and services I provide. I may be required to supply some information to some government health agencies, so they can study disorders and treatment and make plans for services that are needed. If I do, your name and all personal information will be removed from what I send.

***b. Other uses and disclosures in health care***

*Appointment reminders.* I may use and disclose your PHI to reschedule or remind you of appointments for treatment or other care. If you want me to call or write to you only at your home or your work, or you prefer some other way to reach you, I usually can arrange that. Just let me know.

*Treatment alternatives.* I may use and disclose your PHI to tell you about or recommend

Adams-Thuerck Psychological Services, PC (DBA: Adams-Thuerck, PhD)

Dr. Tangeria Adams-Thuerck, PhD

716-203-1116 || adamsthuerckphd.com

Effective date of this notice: 10/10/23

possible treatments or alternatives that may be of help to you.

*Other benefits and services.* I may use and disclose your PHI to tell you about health-related benefits or services that may be of interest to you.

*Research.* I may use or share your PHI to do research to improve treatments—for example, comparing two treatments for the same disorder, to see which works better or faster. In all cases, your name, address, and other personal information will be removed from the information given to researchers. I will discuss this with you, and I will not use your PHI unless you give your consent on an authorization form. If the researchers need to know who you are, I will discuss the research project with you, and I will not send any information unless you sign a special release-of-information form.

*Business associates.* I hire other businesses to do some jobs for me. In the law, they are called our “business associates.” Examples include a copy service to make copies of your health records, and a billing service to figure out, print, and mail my bills. These business associates need to receive some of your PHI to do their jobs properly. To protect your privacy, they have agreed in their contracts with me to safeguard your information just as I do.

## *2. Uses and disclosures that require your consent*

If I want to use your information for any purpose besides those described above, I need your permission on a release-of-information form. If you do allow me to use or disclose your PHI, and then change your mind, you can cancel that permission in writing at any time. I will then stop using or disclosing your information for that purpose. Of course, I cannot take back any information I have used here already or disclosed to anyone with your permission.

## *3. Uses and disclosures that don't require your consent or authorization*

The HIPAA laws let me use and disclose some of your PHI without getting your consent or authorization in some cases. Here are some examples of when I might do this. I will almost always notify you if any of these situations occur.

### ***a. When required by law***

There are some federal, state, or local laws that require us to disclose PHI:

- I have to report suspected child abuse to a state agency.
- If you are involved in a lawsuit or legal proceeding, and I receive a subpoena, discovery request, or other lawful process, I may have to release some of your PHI. I will only do so after trying to tell you about the request, suggesting that you consult with your lawyer, or trying to get a court order to protect the information they requested.
- I have to disclose some information to the government agencies that check on me to see that I am obeying the privacy laws, and to organizations that review my work for quality and efficiency.

***b. For law enforcement purposes***

I may release medical information if asked to do so by a law enforcement official to investigate a crime or criminal.

***c. For public health activities***

I may disclose some of your PHI to agencies that investigate diseases or injuries.

***d. For matters relating to deceased persons***

I may disclose PHI to coroners, medical examiners, or funeral directors, and to organizations relating to organ, eye, or tissue donations or transplants.

***e. For specific government functions***

I may disclose PHI of military personnel and Veterans to government benefit programs relating to eligibility and enrollment. I may disclose your PHI to workers' compensation and disability programs, to correctional facilities if you are an inmate, or to other government agencies for national security reasons.

***f. To prevent a serious threat to health or safety***

If I come to believe that there is a serious threat to your health or safety, or that of another person or the public, I can disclose some of your PHI. I will only do this to those people who can prevent the danger.

***4. Uses and disclosures where you have an opportunity to object***

I can share some information about you with your family and anyone else you choose, such as close friends or clergy. I will ask you which persons you want me to tell, and what information you want me to tell them about your condition or treatment. You can tell me what you want, and I will honor your wishes as long as it is not against the law.

***5. An accounting of disclosures I have made***

When I disclose your PHI, I will keep a record of whom I sent it to, when I sent it, and what I sent. You can get an accounting (a list) of many of these disclosures. I may charge you a reasonable fee if you request more than one accounting in any 12-month period.

**E. Your rights about your protected health information**

1. You can ask me to communicate with you about your health and related issues in a particular way or at a certain place that is more private for you. For example, you can ask me to call you at home, rather than at work, to schedule or cancel an appointment. I will try my best to do as you ask.

Sending your information in emails has some risk that these emails could be read by someone else. I ask that you be thoughtful before you put any information in an email and not use email

for anything you want kept private. Please note that anything you send me electronically becomes a part of your legal record, even if I do not place it in the chart.

2. You have the right to ask me to limit what I tell people involved in your care or with payment for your care, such as family members and friends. You can ask me face to face, and I may then ask for your written permission. I don't have to agree to your request, but if I do agree, I will honor it except when it is against the law, when there is an emergency, or when the information is necessary to treat you.
3. You have the right to look at the PHI I have about you, such as your medical and billing records. In some very unusual circumstances, if there is very strong evidence that reading this would cause serious harm to you or someone else, you may not be able to see all of the information.
4. Other than "psychotherapy notes", you have a right to a copy of these records, but I may charge you a reasonable cost-based fee. Contact the compliance officer (see below) to arrange how to see your records. Generally I do not recommend that you get a copy of your records, because the copy might be seen accidentally by others. I will be happy to review the records with you or provide a summary to you, or work out any other method that satisfies you.
5. You have the right to add to (amend) your records to explain or correct anything in them. If you believe that the information in your records is incorrect or missing something important, you can ask me to make additions to your records or to include your own written statements to correct the situation. You have to make this request in writing and send it to the compliance officer. You must also tell me the reason(s) you want to make the changes.
6. You have the right to a copy of this notice. If I change this notice, I will post the new one on my website and you can always get a copy from the compliance officer.
7. You have a right to file a complaint if you believe your privacy rights have been violated. You can file a complaint with the privacy officer and with the Secretary of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services. All complaints must be in writing. Filing a complaint will not change the health care I provide to you in any way. You may have other rights that are granted to you by the laws of our state, and these may be the same as or different from the rights described above. I will be happy to discuss these situations with you now or as they arise.

#### **F. If you have questions or problems**

If you have any questions or problems with the health information privacy policies, please contact the privacy office, who is Dr. Tangeria Adams-Thuerck, PhD, and who can be reached by phone at 716-203-1116 or by email at [contact@adamsthuerckphd.com](mailto:contact@adamsthuerckphd.com).

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